

THE HONGKONG TELEGRAPH

HONGKONG, SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1892

To be Let.

TO LET.
HOUSES at the Peak and at "BELLIOS TERRACE."
ROOM in "BRACONFIELD ARCADE," Queen's Road.
HOUSE No. 1, Daddell Street, or in Flats.
ROOMS on Top Floor of No. 10, Ice House Street (above the City Club).
GODOWNS in Daddell Street.
GODOWNS or OFFICES, First Floor at back of "MARINE HOUSE."
Apply to
BELLIOS & Co.
Hongkong, 9th November, 1892. [1118]

TO LET.
SIX-ROOMED HOUSE with TENNIS COURT, on Robinson Road.
Apply to
W. WOTTON.
Hongkong, 1st November, 1892. [1081]

TO LET.
NO. 9, SEYMOUR TERRACE.
No. 6, QUEEN'S ROAD (lately occupied by Atack).
OFFICES in No. 4, Praya Central (lately occupied by Messrs. Gilman & Co.).
No. 3, PEDDER'S HILL.
Apply to
DAVID SASSOON, SONS & Co.
Hongkong, 10th November, 1892. [1085]

TO LET.
NEW HOUSES in RYON TERRACE—Bonham Road, near Breck Point.
A LARGE SIX-ROOMED HOUSE at Magazine Gap. Rent inclusive of taxes \$35 per month.
No. 4, BLUE BUILDINGS.
FLOORS in Blue Buildings.
OFFICES—Second Floor, Praya Central (lately occupied by Messrs. Dunn, Melbye & Co.).
GODOWN, (under Messrs. Douglas Laprak & Co.'s Office).
GODOWN, No. 1A, Blue Buildings.
SEMI-DETACHED HOUSES at Magazine Gap. Very cheap rental.
No. 2, STANTON STREET (corner of the Old Bailey).
No. 10, OLD BAILEY.
FIRST FLOOR, No. 22, Elgin Street.
Nos. 4 & 5, VICTORIA VIEW, Kowloon.
FLOORS No. 5, Shelley Street.
Apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 1st November, 1892. [1086]

TO LET.
HOUSES in KNOTSFORD TERRACE, Kowloon.
Apply to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 1st November, 1892. [1087]

TO LET.
WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.
THE Large Handsome SHOP, No. 24, Queen's Road Central, lately occupied by Dakin Bros. of China, Limited.
Two Large AIRY ROOMS on the Top Floor of above.
Apply to
DAKIN, CRICKSHANK & Co., LTD.,
Victoria Dispensary.
Hongkong, 2nd August, 1892. [781]

For Sale.

THEY LEAD THEM ALL,
THE CELEBRATED
CALIFORNIA WINES,
from the well-known Vineyards of Messrs. KOHLER AND VAN BERGEN, San Francisco, and JULIAN P. SMITH (Olivina) Livermore, California.
Guaranteed to be Pure and Unadulterated.
Pure BLACKBERRY BRANDY and fresh Consignments of BARTLETT SPRING MINERAL WATER by each Steamer.
Prices forwarded on application to
MACONDRAY BROTHERS & Co.,
Commission Merchants,
No. 30, Water Street,
Yokohama.
Yokohama, 12th August, 1892. [844]

FOR SALE.
THE SCHOONER "MONTIARA,"
AS SHE NOW LIES IN YAU-MA-TEI BAY.
Length 75 feet.
Beam 17 feet.
Depth of hold 17 feet.
Registered Tonnage 75 tons.
(Owing to recent alterations the carrying capacity of the *Montiara* has been increased to about 120 tons dead weight.)
The *Montiara* was built in Singapore. Is most solidly constructed of teak throughout, with iron-wood frames, has recently been thoroughly overhauled under experienced European supervision, and is now in excellent condition. She is a very fast sailer and a most reliable vessel for the Canton kerosene trade, or would make a first-class lighter.
For Particulars as to Price, &c., apply to
R. FRASER-SMITH,
6, Pedder's Hill.
Hongkong, 17th May, 1892. [525]

FOR SALE.
THE ENGINES AND BOILER OF THE CHINESE GUNBOAT "CHOP-CHEUNG,"
AS THEY LIE AT ABERDEEN DOCK.
The Engines of the *Chop-cheung* were constructed by Messrs. INGLIS & Co., of Wanchai, and are of the Compound Inverted Cylinder Direct-Acting Surface Condensing type. Cylinders 20½ and 38" dia., with a stroke of 26". The Crank Shaft is 6½" dia. at the Crank pin and 7" dia. at the Journals. The H.P. Piston Rod is 3" and the L.P. 3½" dia. The Piston and Connecting Rod bolts are 2" dia. Air Pump 14½" dia. by 13 stroke, Single Acting Circulating Pump 8" dia. by 13" stroke, and Double Acting Feed and Bilge Pump (one each) 9" dia. by 13" stroke.
These Engines have been very little used and are in thoroughly good order.
The Boiler is of the Horizontal Multitubular type, with three Furnaces and vertical Dome on top. Its dia. is 10ft. 2" by 9ft. 10" long, external measurements; Furnaces, 2ft. 7" dia.; Dome, 4ft. 4" dia. by 4ft. 11" high. Tubes, 1½" in number by 3" ex. dia. It is in fairly good condition, having recently undergone considerable repairs, and would last in active service for over five years.
The Engines and Boiler can be inspected on application to the Superintendent at Aberdeen Dock.
For further particulars, apply to
R. FRASER-SMITH,
6, Pedder's Hill.
Hongkong, 17th May, 1892. [526]

The Share Market.

LATEST QUOTATIONS
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank—112½ per cent. prem., sellers.
The National Bank of China, Ltd.—on £7.10. paid up, 35 per cent. dis., sales and buyers.
The National Bank of China, Ltd.—Founders' shares, \$200 per share, sellers.
The Bank of China, Japan & the Straits, Ltd.—24½ buyers.
The Bank of China, Japan & the Straits Ltd.—Founders' shares, 220, buyers.
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884 B—2½ per cent. premium, sellers.
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1884 C—2 per cent. premium, buyers.
Chinese Imperial Loan of 1885 E—14 per cent. premium.
Union Insurance Society of Canton—\$82 per share, ex. div., buyers.
China Traders' Insurance Company—\$55 per share, sellers.
North China Insurance—Tls. 240 per share, sellers.
Canton Insurance Company, Limited—\$105 per share, buyers.
Yangtze Insurance Association—\$102, sellers.
On Tai Insurance Company, Limited—Tls. 150 per share.
Hongkong Fire Insurance Company—\$265 per share, sellers.
China Fire Insurance Company—\$86½ per share, sales and buyers.
Hongkong, Canton, and Macao Steamboat Co.—\$30½, sales and sellers.
China and Manila Steam Ship Company—28 per share, buyers.
Indo-China Steam Navigation Company, Limited—50 per cent. discount, sellers.
Douglas Steamship Company—\$37 per share, sales and sellers.
The Steam Launch Co., Limited—nominal.
Hongkong and Whampoa Dock Company—\$76 per cent. premium, sales and sellers.
Geo. Fenwick & Co., Limited—\$15 per share, sellers.
Hongkong Hotel Company—\$24, sellers.
Hongkong Hotel Co.'s Six per cent. Debentures—\$50½.
The Austin Arms Hotel and Building Company, Limited—\$4½ per share, sellers.
The Shamen Hotel Co., Limited—\$5 per share, sellers.
Funjong and Soughie Dua Samantan Mining Co.—\$25 per share, sellers.
The Raub Gold Mining Co., Limited—25 cents per share, sales and buyers.
New Imuris Mining Co., Limited—\$1.50 per share, buyers.
The Balmoral Gold Mining Co., Limited—nominal.
Tongqua Coal Mining Co.—\$150 per share, sellers.
The Jelabu Mining and Trading Co., Limited—\$5.25 per share, ex. div., sellers.
The Selama Tin Mining Co., Limited—5 cents per share, sales and sellers.
London and Pacific Petroleum Co., Ltd.—nominal.
China Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$155 per share, sales and buyers.
Luxon Sugar Refining Company, Limited—\$35, nominal.
A. S. Watson & Co., Limited—\$16½ per share, sales and buyers.
Dakin, Crickshank & Co., Limited—\$2 per share, sellers.
Hongkong Dairy Farm Co., Limited—\$5 per share, sellers.
The Kowloon Land Investment Co., Limited—\$8 per share, sellers.
The Hongkong Land Investment Co., Limited—\$7, sales and sellers.
The West Point Buildings Co., Limited—\$27 per share, sellers.
H. G. Brown & Co., Limited—\$24 per share, sellers.
Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company—\$46 per share, sellers.
Hongkong Rope Manufacturing Company, Limited—\$97½ per share, sellers.
Hongkong Gas Company—\$100 per share, sales and buyers.
Hongkong Ice Company—\$68 per share, buyers.
Hongkong and China Bakery Company, Limited—\$65 per share, sellers.
The Hongkong Brick and Cement Co., Limited—\$5½ per share, sellers.
The Green Island Cement Co.—\$4½ per share, sellers.
The Hongkong Electric Light Co., Limited—\$2½ per share, sellers.
The Hongkong Steam Laundry Co., Limited—\$35 per share, nominal.
The Hongkong High-Level Tramway Co., Limited—\$35 per share, sellers.

EXCHANGE.
ON LONDON—Bank, T. T. 2/9½
Bank Bills, on demand 2/9½
Bank Bills, at 4 months' sight 2/9½
Credits at 4 months' sight 2/9½
Documentary Bills, at 4 months' sight 2/10
ON PARIS—
Bank Bills, on demand 3/47
Credits, at 4 months' sight 3/47
ON INDIA :—
T. T. 222
On Demand 222½
ON SHANGHAI—
Bank, T. T. 72
Private, 30 days' sight 72½

VISITORS AND RESIDENTS AT THE HONGKONG HOTEL.

Mrs. Anderson. Consul and Mrs. von
Mr. C. E. Bignmore. Leeper and maid.
Mr. and Mrs. Clark and Rev. J. M. Morton.
child. Mr. A. Nathan.
Capt. Clutterbuck. Mr. G. R. Nicoll.
Mrs. Clutterbuck. Mr. W. Oakley.
Mrs. and Miss Cooley. Mr. John H. Patterson.
Mr. G. C. Cox. Miss Mary K. Pease.
Mr. Deuss. Mr. F. E. Shean.
Mr. and Mrs. Easton. Mr. F. Stearns.
Mr. Geo. Fenwick. Mr. John L. Stoddard.
Dr. Frutler. Mrs. W. Teppenbeck.
Miss L. Giffin. Lieut. K. Thost.
Mr. C. H. Hammett. Mr. J. Walls.
Mr. H. Harris. Mr. John S. Wallis.
Mr. Thos. Howard. Mr. and Mrs. Warren.
Mr. A. Kitson. Mrs. Willcomb.
Dr. and Mrs. Layng. Mr. L. Wilde.
Mr. N. Molchanoff. Mr. G. Wolde.

VISITORS AND RESIDENTS AT THE MOUNT AUSTIN HOTEL.

Mr. Beattie. Mr. W. E. Crowe.
Mr. S. T. Benjamin. Mr. Verner Meyer.
Captain Benson. Mr. & Mrs. W. Macbean.
Mr. Hart-Buck. children and nurse.
Rev. R. F. Cobbold. Mr. Chas. C. Malsch.
Mr. Cochran. Mr. H. F. Meyerlak.
Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Mrs. Nierop.
Cohen. Mr. A. Ross.
Mr. J. B. Coughtrie. Mr. C. Schweske.
Colonel Channing. Mr. Taylor.

VISITORS AND RESIDENTS AT THE PEAK HOTEL.

Mr. Adamson. Mr. V. Kofod.
Mr. Ammann. Mr. W. H. R. Loxley.
Mr. & Mrs. Beauprand. Mr. F. Maitland.
Miss Beauprand. Mr. W. R. Needham.
Mr. Chaudet. Surgeon-Colonel H. F.
Mr. T. Owen. Paterson.
Mr. and Mrs. Faulther. Mr. Sparrow.
Miss Faulther. Mr. Strachle.
Mr. W. S. Harrison. Mr. Geo. L. Tomlin.
Mr. Morton Jones. Mr. David Wood.

CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

11th November, 1892.—At 4 p.m.

STATION.	Barometer.	Therm.	Humidity.	Wind.	Direction.	Force.	Weather.	Wind.	Direction.	Force.	Weather.
Wanchow.	30.96	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yokohama.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagasaki.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shanghai.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amoy.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Swatow.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hongkong.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Canton.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Macao.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Holow.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Halow.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bolow.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manila.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cape St. James.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...

12th November, 1892.—At 10 a.m.

STATION.	Barometer.	Therm.	Humidity.	Wind.	Direction.	Force.	Weather.	Wind.	Direction.	Force.	Weather.
Wanchow.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yokohama.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagasaki.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shanghai.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amoy.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Swatow.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hongkong.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Canton.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Macao.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Holow.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Halow.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bolow.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manila.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cape St. James.	30.95	78	78	SE	4	...	...	...	...	...	...

Barometer rising. Gradients rather steep for north winds.
Weather—cloudy, cool and dry. (Issued at 11.05 a.m.)
1.—Barometer reduced to level of the sea in inches, tenths and hundredths. 2.—Temperature in the shade in degrees, Fahrenheit. 3.—Humidity in percentage of saturation. 4.—Direction of the wind to two points. 5.—Force of the wind according to Beaufort scale. 6.—State of the sky. 7.—Direction of clouds. 8.—Direction of rain, fog, or snow. 9.—Height of clouds. 10.—Direction of surface wind. 11.—Direction of surface current. 12.—Direction of surface current. 13.—Direction of surface current. 14.—Direction of surface current. 15.—Direction of surface current. 16.—Direction of surface current. 17.—Direction of surface current. 18.—Direction of surface current. 19.—Direction of surface current. 20.—Direction of surface current. 21.—Direction of surface current. 22.—Direction of surface current. 23.—Direction of surface current. 24.—Direction of surface current. 25.—Direction of surface current. 26.—Direction of surface current. 27.—Direction of surface current. 28.—Direction of surface 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COLLISION ON THE WUOSUNG BAR.

THE "PRIMA" SUNK.

The *Mercury* of the 8th inst. says:—The Shanghai Steamer *Prima* came into collision at 3 o'clock this afternoon with the C. N. Company's steamer *Hangchow* on the Wuosung Inner Bar, and the former vessel lost and sank immediately. No lives were lost. The *Prima* was not blocked. We have not received full particulars of the affair, our reporter not having returned from the scene when we went to press. It would seem that both vessels were leaving the river at the time the accident occurred, the *Prima* being bound for Chefoo and Tientsin, and the *Hangchow* for Newchwang.

Two passengers on board the *Prima*, Mr. and Mrs. Smith, lost all their belongings. The Customs launch, with Mr. Hansen on board, immediately put off and took the people from the sinking steamer to the Customs Station at Wuosung. The *Hangchow*, we are told, did not render assistance and did not lower a boat, but after anchoring for a few moments proceeded on her voyage.

There is not sufficient water on the bar to cover the sunken steamer.

The Harbour Authorities and Captain Tisdall, the Marine Superintendent of the Company to which the *Prima* belongs, accompanied by Mr. H. Sonner, Lloyd's Surveyor, immediately on receipt of the news by telegraph in Shanghai, went down to the scene of the wreck in a launch.

We suppose the actual red light will be exhibited pending the raising of the *Prima*.

CHINESE LANTERNS.

The Pennsylvania and Carpan petroleum wells are playing havoc with one of the oldest industries in the extreme Orient. Kerosene is so cheap and so efficient that the usefully and maliciously is driving the lantern out of existence.

With the lantern goes one of the prettiest features of Chinese life after dark. No one knows the artistic possibilities of the lantern until he has seen some great festival in a large city of this Empire.

The endless variety in size, shape, colour, and style offers a market almost without limit. The lanterns which consist in the main of numerous candles and a few light transparents.

There are many kinds of lanterns in the East as there are castles and classes. For the very poor are tiny square boxes of tin-plate and window glass, three inches high and two inches square, which cost from 3 to 5 cents.

These are of modern origin and result from the remarkable cheapness of the materials employed. Equally common but fifty centuries older are cylinders of about the same cubic size, made of bamboo, split and glazed with paper or gauze. These cost from 10 to 20 cents upwards.

The lanterns which have been used for a long time consist of a cylindrical body of oil and burn six hours. The cylinder employs a narrow candle similar to those used at home on Christmas trees. It costs a fraction of a cent and burns from one to three hours.

For the rich are the superb New Year's lanterns made in Canton by a guild which prides itself upon an unbroken descent from Manchu Tartars. They range in price from 50 cents to as many dollars and are marvels of beauty and ingenuity.

The more expensive are usually large figures representing a clock-tower, house, fortress, watch-tower, palace, pagoda, and even a miniature lamp or cathedral. The designers borrow from or follow every known style of architecture in the East, but in the details and decorations never pass beyond the limits of Chinese conventionality.

The structures are square, pentagonal or hexagonal and run from one to four and five stories in height, and in linear measure from two to twelve feet. Structures representing houses and palaces are very true to the originals. The doors and windows can be opened upon the verandas and in the entrance are flower-pots, drawn and colored to represent the objects they contain.

The lanterns are made of paper, drawn and colored to represent the objects they contain. The lanterns are made of paper, drawn and colored to represent the objects they contain.

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Is a large lamp with a broad wick. When lighted the lamp looks like a fiery vertebral column while the skin seems incandescent. Of smaller size, though large enough to startle a westerner who sees them for the first time, are anacardio-fifty feet long, tigers, peacocks, lions, sharks and bulls larger than elephants, and elephants as high as a house. To increase the effect the figures are colored as they might be called "concentric." The peacock is like a rainbow and the skin of the tiger would make a good pattern for the bandanna of a Congo woman.

The ordinary lanterns carried in funeral or wedding processions have a split bamboo frame covered with paper or gauze and measure from two to three feet in diameter. On the surface is painted the surname and titles of the family. If used in a wedding procession, the decorations and letters should be red and black with as much red and as little black as possible. If at a funeral, the coloring should be blue or black. The common herd is not permitted to carry the lanterns. At least such is the law. When, however, the celebrants are willing to save the official's palms, the law becomes a dead letter. For the poor who can spare a little money are globes and egg-shaped lanterns made of split bamboo, ratten or wire, and glass paper or oiled cloth. They range from six inches in diameter to three or four feet.

The ground of the exterior is either white or the natural color of the covering. Upon it are painted in red or blue characters of various sizes. The idea of carrying a lantern at night, on which is written the name of the owner and his rank and titles or his business, is a citizen and not a highwayman. If he has any title or rank he is admitted to places of entertainment without trouble. The Chinese people pay more regard to titles and lanterns than to the person himself. In travelling at night every man uses a torch or lantern. Ordinary business men use a small glass and the official, which they carry as they walk. The lanterns already described. Two of these are usually fastened to the back of the traveler's sedan-chair as a part of its furniture. At night they are lighted, one of them suspended from the arms of the chair and the other carried by a servant who goes in advance. As a rule the higher a man's social standing the larger his lantern. If he has a title, it is painted on a thin surface in characters so large as to surround the light. A titled lantern takes the right of way over a plain one, and, as between titled, the higher precedes the lower. The only exception to this is a "Jew-lantern" or one belonging to a religious procession, which takes precedence over all others.

Many lanterns are legion. The simplest is a square box whose sides are glass, in which is burned a large candle. It is used for reading and sewing. An advance on this consists in decorating the panes with poetical quotations, geometrical patterns in color, or pictorial designs of various sorts. The cost of these varies from 15 cents to a dollar. The next step makes the lantern a pentagon or hexagon, carves the framework and decorates the glass as in the preceding class. These are hand-made and are in great demand. A fourth stage substitutes a large glass globe for the sides of the lantern ornaments in silk, tinseled and metal. In the fifth, the artist makes the lantern in the shape of a pavilion, temple, house or boat, so that by day it is a handsome ornament to the room, while at night it is both ornament and illuminator. Occasionally you run across ancient lanterns. Some of these are very curious on account of the richness of the framework and the poverty of the glass, paper, mulin or silk which make the panes.

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The latest advices from Calcutta, in reference to the revolt of the Chin Lushai tribe at Fort White, in Upper Burma, state that the native police force has been defeated. The British General Brackenbury has announced at Simla that England will maintain the independence of Afghanistan against all aggression.

Geologists report that German East Africa is virtually barren of all minerals.

OCT. 15.

It is reported at Berlin that Lord Rosebury's tone in regard to England's position in connection with the Pamirs is so mild that Russia does not believe that the British Government has any intention of intervening.

It is reported that Mr. John Morley has dismissed Colonel Turner, Divisional Commissioner for Munster. Colonel Turner, it is further stated, has protested against his dismissal, and is prepared to bring forward proof that he has done his duty.

The Royal Commission to inquire into the best means of ameliorating the condition of the evicted tenants in Ireland has been appointed. Mr. Justice Mathew is Chairman; the other members of the Commission are but little known.

The Irish landlords are not represented on the Commission.

The Home Rule press commends the Commission, but the Conservative journals doubt whether it will do any good. The tenants are regarded as really fraudulent debtors. It is thought that the range of the inquiry is of too limited a character.

The French troops in Dahomey have fought another battle near Abomey, the capital. The Dahomeyans again suffered defeat. The French lost 24 men.

Bulgaria has concluded a loan of £4,000,000. The Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London, and China, proposes to form a new company, under the title of the Mercantile Bank of India, with a capital of £1,500,000. The latter purporting the assets of the former bank for £375,000.

OCTOBER 16th.

The money market is hardening, owing to the increasing gold exports. The bank rate is likely to be raised at the end of the month.

The latest intelligence from Mexico in regard to the French mission to Fort to the effect of Count D'Aubigny is discussing with the Sultan the question of the construction of batteries at Tangier under French engineers. Another subject to be brought under consideration is the establishment of a Franco-Moroccan bank.

OCTOBER 17th.

It is stated that the Chilean Government is willing to cede Molle and Aieca to Bolivia, with a view to it passing between the Chilean and Peruvian Republics a zone of neutral territory.

The Marquis of Ripon, Secretary of State for the Colonies, informed a deputation from the London Labour League that the Government was unfavourable to the proposed emigration, inasmuch as the colonies to which such emigration was directed required very strict guarantees.

The French authorities assert that the Dahomeyans in their hostilities with the French are assisted by Germans, who help them to construct earthworks and are supplying them with arms. The complaints have been brought under the notice of the Emperor William, who has ordered that an inquiry should be held.

Mr. Arnold Morley, the British Postmaster-General, has promised Mr. Percival, the Agent-General for New Zealand, to re-submit to the Treasury the proposal for a renewal of the sub-subsidy of the conveyance of mails between Great Britain and Australia by the Pacific route. If the service had been a fortnightly one, then its importance would demand greater consideration.

Mr. Morley was impressed by Mr. Percival's argument that Vancouver would probably soon replace San Francisco as the terminal port in North America, and hence any agreement now decided upon would not necessarily be a long one.

The National Sporting Club offers £2000 to be fought for by Jackson and Corbett at the end of the coming year.

The College Club, in London, offers £1000 for a fight between Jim Hall and Fitz Simmons in March.

T. Hamer and J. Gaudin have defeated Edward Hanlan and W. O'Connor in a double-scutt race at Ontario, by seven lengths.

Mr. Gladstone, in writing to Sir Charles Gavan Duffy, states that he is unaware of any distance between the veto of the Crown and that of the Imperial Parliament over any colonial legislation.

Lord Rosebery, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, writing on the same subject, says that the only veto which Parliament can exercise consists in the passing of a measure to exclude Colonial Acts—a power which is rather abstract than concrete.

Lord Randolph Churchill, in a letter on the subject of a Parliamentary Labour Party, opposes the formation of a distinct Labour Party in the Tory ranks, but declares that the Tories will give practical legislative effect to many of the demands of labour.

Great depression prevails in the Glasgow iron trade, due to the acceptance of contracts at low rates.

The wheat companies in America refuse to furnish statistics to the Government, or the market, saying that their publication would "bear" the market.

Cholera has ceased its ravages in Persia. The total mortality from the pest in that country exceeds 60,000 persons.

Captain Lugard, in a letter to the *Times*, advocates the introduction of immigrants from India into Uganda. He says that the British Government is pledged by the Brussels agreement to construct railways in the territory. It was possible to govern Uganda at a cost of £200,000 per annum, but the British East Africa Company had irretrievably decided to retire from the territory.

Prata has placed a 6 percent loan of £500,000 on the London market, the minimum being fixed at £95.

Within the dismissal by Mr. John Morley of Colonel Turner, Divisional Commissioner for Munster, the *Freeman's Journal* affirms that other divisional magistrates deserve to be dealt with in the same way as Colonel Turner.

Mr. R. L. Stevenson complains in a letter to the *Times* that the Chief Justice of Samoa is interfering with the jurisdiction of the magistrate, Mr. Cooper. He also alleges that the German officials are unfit for their positions.

OCTOBER 18th.

An extradition treaty between England and Portugal has been signed.

The natives have attacked a German post in East Africa, killing the garrisons and looting stations.

Aful, the new Mehtar of Chitral, a native state situated on the north-western frontier of India, who seized the throne upon the death of his father, the late Mehtar, has requested the presence of a British officer, in consequence of threatened complications in his state.

Russia intends to settle 1000 Cossack families in the Aik Valley to guard the Pamir frontier, and purposes forming a Cossack army there.

The rupture which has taken place in the diplomatic relations of Greece and Roumania, in consequence of a dispute in regard to the will of a Greek subject in Roumania, has resulted in the withdrawal of the Roumanian Minister and Consul from Greece.

The Wahabees in German East Africa have taken the German military post at Ugugara, killing an officer and four privates. They menace the safety of other German garrisons.

The tendering for the loan of £1,000,000 invited by the Melbourne Metropolitan Board of Works, closed to-day. The amount required was offered mainly by the public, exclusive of three banks. The stock will be allotted to applicants to-morrow.

The Grand Jury has rejected two of the strongest charges against Mr. Honoré Mercier, ex-Premier of Quebec, who was recently committed for trial on three separate charges of malfeasance.

The Coney Island Club, New York, has offered a purse of £500 for a fight between Jackson and Corbett.

Some uneasiness has been caused in Paris by a report which is current to the effect that the French expedition in Dahomey has been overwhelmed and massacred by a force of 20,000 Dahomeyans at Couloups.

The report has not been confirmed.

A military riding contest similar to that which recently took place between Vienna and Berlin is projected between Vienna and Rome.

The prize is to be awarded according to the condition in which the horses arrive.

Since Wednesday last £150,000 in gold has been sent from London to the Continent.

Speaking in the Austrian Delegations Council at Vienna, the Austro-Hungarian Minister for Foreign Affairs, declared that Austria desired to preserve the best relations with Russia, and had received assurances from that Power that no aggressive government against Austria was intended.

The autobiography of Major Le Caron has been issued, and pronounced disappointing. It contains no fresh revelations of importance, and simply confirms the correctness of his statements to the Pamell Commission.

In 1881, when the Clan-na-Gael was conducting an active policy in Ireland, Major Le Caron had a letter from Mr. Pamell stating that he was "exasperated" and was "willing to do anything." Egan told Le Caron, according to the letter that Mr. Pamell was "ill right as a revolutionary," he denied to him the Irish revolutionary brotherhood, but was excluded.

The members believing that he would think more of the society if he were outside the country, he was within it. In an interview held in the corridor of the House of Commons, Mr. Pamell told Le Caron that he "saw no reason why an open inflammatory movement was not possible."

Le Caron, the invincible, intended to destroy the House of Commons while in session, throwing bombs upon the table in front of the Speaker. A plot formed to seize the Coronation Stone of Stone Abbey, failed, owing to the treachery of an informer.

The official receiver in the affairs of the Mercantile Bank of Australia says that he has just learned that on February 1890, Mr. J. B. Ainslie, the recently-appointed liquidator of the Mercantile Bank, reported to the London board that he had found the bank's advances to be in a very satisfactory state. He estimated that £100,000 would place everything in order. The surplus value of the bank's premises would more than cover any deficiency at that date.

OCTOBER 19th.

The London creditors of the Mercantile Bank of Australia have resolved to obtain counsel's opinion in Melbourne as to the criminal or civil liability of the directors. If there should be a reasonable prospect of a conviction they will take preliminary steps to get the Victorian Government to prosecute.

The meeting refused to hear Mr. Millidge, the late manager, and appointed Mr. Stewart as liquidator. It advised the contributors to make for the provisional committee permanent, and to act with him. Mr. Stewart expects little shrinkage in the London bills. He denounces the methods adopted by Sir Matthew Davies and Mr. Millage in making advances to what are known as the Davies Companies.

It is reported that the Amer of Afghanistan intended to urge General Lord Roberts, at the approaching interview, to endeavor to persuade the Indian Government to recognize Abdur Rahman's illegitimate son as his successor. The American proposed to carry out extensive reforms if this concession be granted.

As the result of an interpellation in the French Chamber of Deputies, M. Loubet, the Premier, has offered to personally arbitrate in the Carquois miners' strike.

An extensive fire has taken place at Englewood, Chicago. The damage to property amounts to \$300,000. Several persons were killed during the progress of the fire.

The Chin Lushai rebels in Upper Burma are collecting additional men and guns with the view of making a strong attack on the British reinforcements sent from Mandalay and Rangoon to suppress the rising.

The rebel tribesmen are facing the friendly natives to join their ranks.

The London County Council has decided to build the proposed workmen's dwellings itself, throwing away its former policy for contractors.

Further advices received from Dahomey state that there is no foundation for the report that the French expedition had been massacred. The troops were marching upon Cans. They have had many skirmishes with the enemy, but the column remains unharmed.

The *Times*, in commenting upon the autobiography of Major Le Caron, which has just been published, says that the failure of the Pamell Commission to shake Major Le Caron's evidence entitles his statements to entire belief.

The vacancy in the Order of the Garter caused by the death of the Duke of Sutherland has been bestowed upon the Earl of Rosebery, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs.

An Australian lady has presented to the Prince of Wales, for the Imperial Institute, a pearl of value which is regarded as second only to that of St. Paul's Cathedral. The gift is intended as a memento of the Queen's Jubilee.

The Financial News states that the proposal of the Government of New South Wales to borrow locally will produce a healthy effect on the credit of the colony. It declares that when the railways pay expenses and interest on the money expended, a landmark in the prosperity of the colony will have been reached.

LATE TELEGRAMS.

SWEDEN, October 27th.

The intercolonial rifle match, including teams from Victoria, New Zealand, Adelaide, Tasmania, and Queensland, resulted in a victory for the Victorians, with South Australians second, and New Zealanders third.

BRISBANE, October 27th.

A prospector has brought to light a quantity of gold,

Hotels.

PEAK HOTEL.

OPEN ALL THE YEAR ROUND.

THIS commodious and well appointed HOTEL, situated at a height of 7,250 feet above sea-level, having been leased by the Proprietors of the "VICTORIA HOTEL," is now open and will be run in conjunction with their HOTEL in Queen's Road, thus enabling them to offer special inducements to Visitors and Residents.

SPECIAL WINTER RATES.

The Rates for BOARD and LODGING during the Winter Months, from November 1st to March 31st, have been reduced as follows:—
One person, one month.....\$50.00
Married couple (occupying one room) per month.....85.00
One person per day.....2.50
Married couple per day.....3.50
For full particulars apply to

VICTORIA HOTEL.

Hongkong, 25th October, 1892. [814]

WINDSOR HOTEL,

(in Connaught Buildings),
QUEEN'S ROAD, HONGKONG.

THE Private Hotel heretofore carried on in WINDSOR HOUSE has now been removed to CONNAUGHT HOUSE.

Cuisine under European management. Each Bed-room has its own Bath-room, Hot and Cold water. Passenger Elevator to all floors. Charges from \$2 per day upwards.

Special Rates for Families or Permanent Boarders. Offices and Rooms to let unfurnished, and Rooms with or without Board, by day or month. Apply at the Office, No. 37, 3rd Floor, Hongkong, 23rd August, 1892. [841]

BAY VIEW HOTEL.

M^{RS}. OSBORNE begs to remind the Public that every possible arrangement has been made for the comfort and convenience of Visitors to this popular Summer Resort. "BAY VIEW" occupies the best situation on the Shau-ki-wan Road, commands an excellent view of the Harbour, and is always open to the cool breezes from the Southward. Steam-launches can at any time come alongside the jetty adjoining the spacious lawn.

The Cuisine is unrivalled in Hongkong, and only the best Brands of Wines, Spirits, Cigars, etc., are kept in stock. Private Dinners or Tiffin prepared in First-class style on the shortest notice, and Meals can be served at all hours. Hongkong, 2nd May, 1892. [840]

THE BOA VISTA HOTEL.

BISHOP'S BAY, MACAO.

THIS HOTEL is situated on the sea shore in one of the best and healthiest parts of Macao, and commands an admirable view facing the South. Its accommodation is unsurpassed in the Far East.

Every comfort is provided for Visitors, with an excellent Cuisine, and Wines, Spirits and Malt Liquors of the best brands. Hot, Cold, Shower and Sea Water Baths. Large and well ventilated Dining, Billiard and Reading Rooms, and a well supplied Bar. A small Dairy is attached to the premises. MRS. MARIA B. DOS REMEDIOS, Proprietress. [864]

THE SHAMEN HOTEL.

BRITISH CONCESSION, CANTON.

THIS FIRST CLASS HOTEL, admirably situated within a few minutes walk of the River Steamer Wharves, is now open to receive Visitors.

The Bed-rooms are cool, dry and comfortably furnished, and the spacious Dining Room, Sitting Room, and accommodation generally will be found equal to the best Hotels in the Far East. The Table D'Hôte is supplied with every luxury in season, and the cuisine is in experienced hands.

Wines, Spirits, Malt Liquors, etc., of the best quality only. A WELL APPOINTED BILLIARD ROOM. A. F. DO ROZARIO, Manager. [870]

HAUENSTEIN'S HOTEL,

A MOY.

THIS First-class FAMILY HOTEL is situated on the beach at KULANGSOO and has First-class Accommodation for Visitors. An EXCELLENT TABLE is kept, and WINES, SPIRITS, and MALT LIQUORS of the very best quality.

Terms Moderate.

R. HELLWIG, Proprietor.

Amoy, 1st September, 1892. [885]

Intimations.

LEVY HERMANOS.

IMPORTERS of JEWELLERY and DIAMONDS in great variety; by every Mail, fresh consignments of latest Novelties from Europe.

CHRONOMETERS, CLOCKS, and WATCHES of all kinds. Handsome TIME-PIECES, and all kinds of Optical Goods.

LEVY HERMANOS.

10, Queen's Road Central, Opposite the Telegraph Companies' Office, Hongkong, 16th September, 1892. [924]

CHS. J. GAUPP & CO.

CHRONOMETER, WATCH, and CLOCK-MAKERS, JEWELLERS, SILVER-SMITHS, and OPTICIANS.

NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS. Sole Agents for Louis Audemars' Watches awarded the highest Prize at every Exhibition and for Voigtlander and Sohn's CELEBRATED OPERA GLASSES, MARINE GLASSES, and SPYGLASSES. No. 8, Queen's Road Central. [933]

SIEN TING,

SURGEON DENTIST,

No. 10, D'ARVILLE STREET.

TERMS VERY MODERATE.

(Consultation free.)

Hongkong, 27th September, 1892. [966]

HONGKONG TIMBER

YARD, WANCHAI.

OREGON-PINE SPARS and LUMBER

Always on Hand. L. MALLORY.

Hongkong, 24th June, 1891. [661]

Intimations.

CHRISTMAS 1892!

TOYS.

OUR FIRST SHIPMENT IS NOW UNPACKED AND CONTAINS MANY INEXPENSIVE NOVELTIES.

CHRISTMAS CONFECTIONERY.

CHRISTMAS CAKES.

JANE CRAWFORD & CO.

Hongkong, 12th November, 1892.

W. POWELL & CO.

FENDERS! FENDERS!!
FENDERS.

IN BLOCK STEEL AND BRASS.

FIRE IRONS TO MATCH.

A FULL SIZED ENGLISH CHIMNEY SWEEPING APPARATUS FOR HIRE.

W. POWELL & CO.

Hongkong, 12th November, 1892.

KELLY & WALSH, LD.

THE Breechloader and how to use it.

Woodwork: Carpentry and Joinery.

The Modern Practical Bread Baker.

The Practical Polish and Varnish Maker.

The Phonograph.

The Hand Camera and how to use it.

Electricity up to date.

A Short-hand Birthday Book.

The Mother's Guide, by Armand Semple.

Winding Magnets, by Carl Herbig.

English Colonization and Empire, by Caldecott.

Ambulance Lectures, by Dr. Darwin.

Mary McHardy's Elocutionist.

The London Daily Press.

NEW NOVELS.

But Men Must Work, by Rosa Carey.

The Wrecker.

The Pretty Widow.

Eagle Joe, by Henry Herman.

The Best Season on Record.

Bob Martin's Little Girl, by Christie Murray.

The Lady of Fort St. John.

The Magic Isle, by William Black.

A Reckoning Vengeance, by Frank Barrett.

The Family Feud, by Thomas Cooper.

Vampires, by Julien Gordon.

A Lost Wife, by Mrs. Lovett Cameron.

KELLY & WALSH, LIMITED,

QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

Hongkong, 11th November, 1892.

CARMICHAEL & CO., LD.

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR
CARDS, CHINESE, &c. &c.

CHEAP AND VARIED ASSORTMENT CHOCOLATE (REAMS IN PLAIN AND FANCY BOXES).

FOWLING PIECES AND AMMUNITION.

CARMICHAEL & CO., LTD.

Hongkong, 29th October, 1892.

CENTRAL HOTEL,

SHANGHAI.

THIS long established SELECT Family Hotel, situated on the Bund, facing the river, in the centre of the Settlements, has lately undergone extensive alterations, and is now fitted with the latest modern improvements, including Bath and Dressing Rooms ATTACHED to Suites and Single Rooms, with hot and cold water laid on, DOUCHE, SHOWER SPRAYS, etc., and heated to a comfortable temperature during winter.

SEPARATE ROOMS FOR PRIVATE DINNER PARTIES, &c.

The Electric Lighting now partly laid on will be completed during this year, 1892.

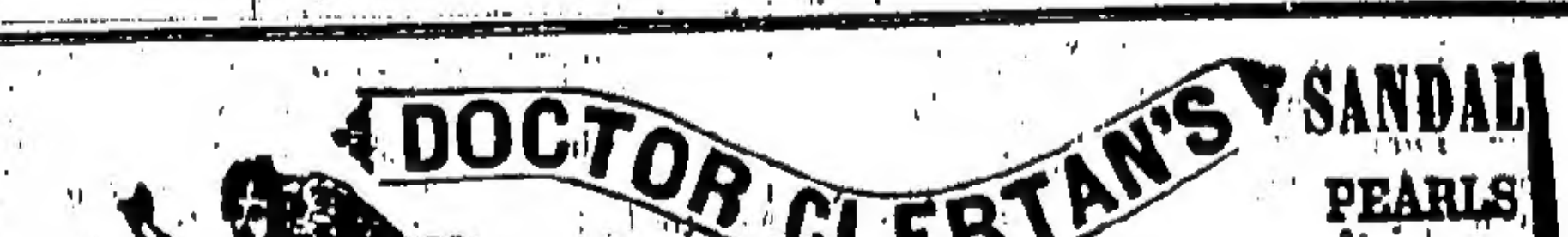
An Assistant will attend on Passengers by Mail Steamers.

N.B.—TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "CENTRAL SHANGHAI."

F. E. REILLY,

PROPRIETOR.

666]



DOCTOR CLERTAN'S SANDAL PEARLS.

SANDAL PEARLS which are highly approved by the perian Academy of Medicine, contain the pure essence of Sandal, enclosed in a thin transparent gelatine envelope which is perfectly soluble and digestible. They possess a proved efficacy in cases of inflammation, catarrhs, gonorrhoea, and contagious discharges.

Dr. Clertan's sandal pearls cure all these troubles, venereal whether recent or chronic, in two or three days, without leaving any ill effects. They have no odour, nor do they in any way affect the digestive organs, which so frequently occurs with all similar preparations.

Every bottle is genuine; bears Dr. CLERTAN'S signature.

See that the label on each bottle bears the address, 19, rue Jacob, Paris. Sold by all chemists.

Agents in Hongkong: A. S. WATSON & Co., Ltd. DAKIN BROS. OF CHINA, Ltd.

Notice to Consumers

The PREPARATIONS of

L. LEGRAND ORIZA-PERFUMERY

11, Place de la Madeleine, PARIS

Formerly 207, Rue Saint-Honore

ORIZA-OIL, ORIZA-ESSENCE, ORIZA-LACTE, CREME-ORIZA

ORIZA-VELOUTE, ORIZA-TONIC, ORIZALINE, ORIZA-SOAP

HAVE BEEN SUCCESSFUL IN OBTAINING THE PATRONAGE OF THE PUBLIC BECAUSE:

1. Their manufacture is supervised with the greatest care.

2. Their qualities are unalterable and their perfume sweet.

As, in order to profit by their great reputation, the Oriza preparations have been counterfeited.

we warn Consumers not to let themselves be deceived.

The genuine PREPARATIONS are only by all respectable Perfumers and Druggists.

Illustrated Catalogue sent from Paris post-free.

Mails.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.'S
ROYAL MAIL STEAMSHIP LINE,
CHINA AND JAPAN.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM
HONGKONG, 1892.

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

Empress of India | Wednesday | Nov. 30th.
Empress of Japan | Wednesday | Dec. 18th.
Empress of China | Wednesday | Jan. 25th, '93.

THE R. M. S. "EMPERESS OF INDIA,"
Lieut. O. P. Marshall, R.N.R., Commander,
sailing at Noon on WEDNESDAY, the 30th
November, 1892, with Her Majesty's Mails, will
proceed to VANCOUVER, and SHANGHAI,
Kobe, INLAND SEA and YOKOHAMA.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

Mexican Dollars.

FROM HONGKONG, FIRST CLASS.

TO

One Way	Prepaid	Return
4 mos.	4 mos.	12 mos.
Vancouver, Victoria, Esqui-		
maut, New Westminster,		
B.C., Seattle, Tacoma, Wash.	235	338 394
Portland, Ore., San Francisco		
Banff, Calgary, Albu.	255	383 447
Winnipeg, Man.	275	413 482
To Minneapolis, St. Paul,	285	428 499
Duluth, Minn.		
Chicago, Ill., Kansas City,		
St. Louis, Mo.	295	443 517
Milwaukee, Wis., Cincinnati,		
Detroit, Mich., Cleveland,		
Columbus, O., Hamilton, London, Toronto,	305	458 534
Ont.		
Buffalo, Niagara Falls, N.Y.,		
Kingston, Ottawa, Ont., Mon-		
tréal, Quebec, Que., New		
York, Albany, Troy,		
Rochester, N.Y., Baltimore,		
Baltimore, Md., Philadelphia,	310	465 543
Pittsburg, Pa., Washington,		
D.C., Boston, Mass.,		
Portland, Me., Halifax, N.S.,		
St. John, N.B., Liverpool	325	475 550
and London via Li-		
verpool		
Paris, via Liverpool and Lon-	345	
don		
Havre, via Liverpool and Lon-	355	
don		
Bremen, " "	365	
Hamburg, " "	375	

2nd class steamer and 1st class on rail, and 2nd class steamer and rail, also Steamer Fares and Rates to other places, quoted on application. The Steamers call at Victoria to land and embark passengers.

Return Tickets.—Time limit for prepaid return. Tickets are reckoned from date of issue to date of re-embarkation at Vancouver.

Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of steamers.

Special rates (first-class only) are granted to Missionaries, members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic, and Civil Services, to European Officials in service of China and Japan, and to Government officials.

CARDS.—Through Bills of Lading issued to Japan, Pacific Coast Ports, and to Canadian and United States Ports.

Consular Invoices of Goods for United States Ports should be in quadruplicate; and one copy must be sent forward by the steamer to the care of D. E. BROWN, Assistant General Freight and Passenger Agent, Canadian Pacific Railway, Vancouver, B.C.

Parcels must be sent to the Company's Office with address marked in full by 5 P.M. on the day previous to sailing.

For further information as to Passage or Freight, apply to

E. HOLLOWAY,

General Agent,

Office, Pedder's Street.

Hongkong, 2nd November, 1892. [5]

NORTHERN PACIFIC STEAMSHIP AND RAILROAD COMPANIES.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

(SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.)

Tacoma Thursday... December 1st.
A Steamer Thursday... December 20th.
Victoria Thursday... January 25th.

Tacoma Thursday... February 23rd.
A Steamer Thursday... March 23rd.

AND THEREAFTER THE PERMANENT SERVICE OF THE COMPANY'S REGULAR STEAMERS.

THE Steamship "TACOMA,"
Capt. J. Hill, sailing at Noon, on THURSDAY, the 1st December, will proceed to VICTORIA, B.C., and TACOMA, via SHANGHAI, INLAND SEA, KOBÉ, and YOKOHAMA.

Through Bills of Lading issued to Japan, Pacific Coast Ports, and to Canadian and United States Ports.

Consular Invoices of Goods for United States Ports should be in quadruplicate; and one copy must be sent forward by the steamer to the care of the General Agent, Northern Pacific Railroad Tacoma, Wash.

Parcels must be sent to our Office with address marked in full by 5 P.M. on the day previous to sailing.

For further information as to Passage or Freight, apply to

DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,

Agents.

Hongkong, 4th November, 1892. [510]

NOTICE.

JRYE'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS

COMPANY, LIMITED.

JRYE'S WOOD PRESERVER OR

ANTISEPTIC PAINT.

THE Undersigned have this day been appointed SOLE AGENTS for the sale of these PERFECT DISINFECTANTS, and are prepared to supply quantities to suit purchasers, at Wholesale Prices. Extra Special terms for Shipping and large Orders.

55, ROBERT RAWLINSON, C.B., C.E., Chief Sanitary Engineer, Local Government Board, London, says

"It is the best Disinfectant in use."

W. G. HUMPHREYS & Co.,

Bank Buildings,

Hongkong, 19th June, 1888. [6]

Mails.

OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

TAKING CARGO AND PASSENGERS TO
JAPAN, THE UNITED STATES,
MEXICO,
CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA, AND
EUROPE;

THE OVERLAND RAILWAYS,
AND
ATLANTIC AND OTHER CONNECTING
STEAMERS.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.
Oceania Tuesday, 29th Nov.
Galle Tuesday, 20th Dec.
Belge (via Honolulu) Thursday, 19th Jan., '93.

THE Steamship "OCEANIC" will be despatched for San Francisco, via Yokohama, on TUESDAY, the 29th November, at 1 P.M. Connection being made at Yokohama with Steamers from Shanghai and Japan Ports.

RATES OF PASSAGE.
From Hongkong, First-class.

To San Francisco, Vancouver, Victoria, Esquimaux, New Westminster, Port Townsend, Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, O.,

To Liverpool and London 325.00

To Paris and Bremen 345.00

To Havre and Hamburg 335.00

Through Passage Tickets granted to Eng-

land, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of steamers.

RATES OF PASSAGE TO OVERLAND CITIES, FIRST CLASS.

DESTINATION.

By Day

Continental

Trip Tickets

Kansas City, Mo., Omaha, Neb.

St. Louis, Mo.

St. Paul, Minn., Minneapolis, Minn.

Chicago, Ill.

Milwaukee, Wis.

Cincinnati, Ohio

Columbus, Ohio

Detroit, Mich.

Cleveland, Ohio

Toronto, Canada

Pittsburg, Pa.

Niagara Falls, N.Y., Buffalo, N.Y.

Washington, D.C., Baltimore, Md.

Montreal, Canada

Philadelphia, Penn.

New York

Boston, Mass.

Portland, Mass.

Portland, Maine

325.00 291.50 292.50 293.00 293.50 294.00 294.50 295.00 295.50 296.00 296.50 297.00 297.50 298.00 298.50 299.00 299.50 300.00 300.50 301.00 301.50 302.00 302.50 303.00 303.50 304.00 304.50 305.00 305.50 306.00 306.50 307.00 307.50 308.00 308.50 309.00 309.50 310.00 310.50 311.00 311.50 312.00 312.50 313.00 313.50 314.00 314.50 315.00 315.50 316.00 316.50 317.00 317.50 318.00 318.50 319.00 319.50 320.00 320.50 321.00 321.50 322.00 322.50 323.00 323.50 324.00 324.50 325.00 325.50 326.00